Grammar Review and Assessment

1. Identify the nonrestrictive detail in the following sentence. "The bicycle, w provides an eco-friendly mode of transportation, is gaining popularity in urba eas."	
□ The bicycle, which provides	
□ Which provides an eco-friendly mode of transportation	
□ An eco-friendly mode of transportation	
☐ Gaining popularity in urban areas	
2. Which sentence correctly uses commas to add a nonrestrictive detail?	
$\hfill\Box$ The lighthouse a guiding beacon for ships at sea, stands tall along the rocky coastline.	
$\hfill\Box$ The piano, a classic musical instrument, produces a wide range of beautiful melodies.	
$\hfill\Box$ The octopus, a highly intelligent sea creature uses its tentacles for various tasks.	
$\hfill\Box$ The smartphone a versatile communication device has become essential to our daily lives.	
3. Identify the sentence that uses pronouns correctly.	
$\hfill\Box$ They organized a party for Emily, and her had a great time.	
$\ \square$ The team organized a party for Emily, and she had a great time.	
$\hfill\Box$ Emily organized a party for the team, and them had a great time.	
$\hfill\Box$ Emily and them organized a party for the team and they had a great time.	
4. Read the following sentence and determine which homophone needs to be rected. "The capitol building, with its majestic dome, stands taller then any obuilding downtown."	
□ Replace "capitol" with "capital."	
□ Replace "then" with "than."	
□ Replace "its" with "it's."	
□ No corrections are needed.	
- No corrections are needed.	

5. Tom starts every sentence in his paragraph differently, but all his sentences are simple. What would you tell him?
$\hfill\Box$ Try combining sentences to make compound and complex sentences.
□ None of these are correct.
□ Keep your paragraph the way it is.
☐ If all your sentences begin differently, varying the structure doesn't matter.
6. Why is "Before roasting the chicken, she" a sentence fragment?
□ It does not have a noun.
□ It does not have a subject.
□ It does not have a predicate.
□ It is a complete thought.
7. You have written an academic essay about the history of London that includes the following sentence. "London has been around forever, and there are tons of weird stories about it." How can you revise this sentence to be more formal?
$\hfill\Box$ London's got this super long history with lots of cool stuff that happened.
□ London is way old and had so many fascinating events.
$\ \square$ London has a rich and extensive history filled with fascinating events.
□ You wanna learn about some cool history, let's talk about London then.
8. Read the sentence: "He drove her to his favorite art gallery." Which word is the subject pronoun in this sentence?
□ He
□ То
□ His
□ Her
9. The following sentences contain repeated nouns. "Once the soccer match concluded, the players wanted to unwind in the lounge. The lounge was cozy and inviting, and the players were eager to recharge." Which sentence uses pronouns correctly to revise the sentences?
 Once the soccer match concluded, the players wanted to unwind in the lounge. It was cozy and inviting, and they were eager to recharge.
 Once the soccer match concluded, they wanted to unwind in the lounge. It was cozy and inviting, and they were eager to recharge.

	Once the soccer match concluded, the players wanted to unwind in it. It was cozy and inviting, and they were eager to recharge.
	Once the soccer match concluded, the players wanted to unwind in the lounge. It was cozy and inviting, and them were eager to recharge.
with	The following sentence includes an ambiguous pronoun: "The children played the kittens, and they quickly became attached." Which answer choice is the trevision for this sentence?
	The children played with the kittens, and the children quickly became attached.
	The kittens played with the children, and they quickly became attached.
	The children played with them, and they quickly became attached.
	They played with the kittens, and the children quickly became attached.
ec	Read the following sentences and determine which pronoun needs to be corted. "The rocket launches successfully, and it needs to reach the desired orbit. It, they can begin its scientific observations of distant galaxies."
	Replace "it" with "they."
	Replace "they" with "them."
	Replace "they" with "it."
	No correction is needed.
whi	Identify the nonrestrictive detail in the following sentence. "The Eiffel Tower, ch stands in the heart of Paris and offers breathtaking views of the city, is a lous landmark."
	Is a famous landmark
	Which stands in the heart of Paris and offers breathtaking views of the city
	Offers breathtaking views of the city
	The Eiffel Tower, which stands
cor	Read the following sentence and determine which homophone needs to be rected. "I'll be at the airport in time to pick up your luggage, accept if there are ays on my way there."
	Replace "accept" with "except."
	Replace "your" with "you're."
	riepiace you will you're.
	Replace "there" with "their."

	ptions in a passage about the history of Paris?
	To describe the weather only
	To vary the length of their sentences
	To make their writing longer
	To start every sentence the same way
15.	Why is "Wished for a new puppy" a sentence fragment?
	It is missing a subject.
	It is missing punctuation.
	It is missing a full idea.
	It is missing a predicate.
16.	Correct the sentence fragment "The airplane full with passengers."
	The airplane filled with passengers engines roared.
	The airplane, full with passengers, roared through the sky.
	The airplane filled with passengers in the blue sky.
	The airplane, filled with passengers, up in the blue sky.
corı	Read the following sentence and determine which homophone needs to be rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are highern they expected."
cori thar	rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are higher
cori thar	rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are higher they expected."
cori thar	rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are higher they expected." Replace "than" with "then."
cori thar	rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are higher they expected." Replace "than" with "then." Replace "their" with "they're."
cori thai - - - 18.	rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are higher they expected." Replace "than" with "then." Replace "their" with "they're." Replace "accept" with "except."
thar - - 18. "Th	rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are higher in they expected." Replace "than" with "then." Replace "their" with "they're." Replace "accept" with "except." Replace "their" with "there." Your message to a company regarding a problem with their product starts with is is a terrible product and I want my money back now." How can you rephrase
thar 18. "Th this	rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are higher in they expected." Replace "than" with "then." Replace "their" with "they're." Replace "accept" with "except." Replace "their" with "there." Your message to a company regarding a problem with their product starts with is is a terrible product and I want my money back now." How can you rephrase statement to express your concerns with a more professional tone?
thar 18. "Th this	rected. "Their going to accept the job offers because the salaries are higher in they expected." Replace "than" with "then." Replace "their" with "they're." Replace "accept" with "except." Replace "their" with "there." Your message to a company regarding a problem with their product starts with is is a terrible product and I want my money back now." How can you rephrase statement to express your concerns with a more professional tone? The product is not what I expected and I'm gonna get a refund as soon as possible.

19. Read the following passage. "She cherished the forest. She would camp there
every spring. She felt connected to nature there. She admired the towering trees."
Which revision best adds variety to the sentence patterns?

 ,
She cherished the forest, and she would camp there every spring. She always felt connected there and admired the towering trees.
None of these are correct.
She cherished the forest. Every spring, she would camp there. The forest made her feel connected to nature. Trees were her favorite.
She cherished the forest. Every spring, she would camp there. She felt connected to nature. She admired the towering trees.
Read the sentence: "We will join her at the park." Which word is the object noun in this sentence?
Will
We
Her